



326 Huss Drive, Suite 150  
Chico, California 95928  
(530) 809-4616 FAX (530) 879-2444

## WASHINGTON DC TALKING POINTS

### BRCP Key Talking Points:

- Progress continues to be made on the development of the final BRCP and final EIS/EIR documents, with a goal of submitting the documents to state and federal wildlife agencies for approvals in April 2019.
- BCAG staff has coordinated closely with the BRCP permit applicants (cities, county, Caltrans and water/irrigation districts) and state and federal agencies in developing the final BRCP and EIS/EIR documents to ensure all entities are comfortable with the contents of the final documents.
- Outreach also continues with key stakeholder groups to incorporate further input. Recent meetings have been encouraging and staff remains hopeful of gaining the support of key stakeholder groups. These meetings have included meetings with:
  - Chico Building Association
  - Butte County Farm Bureau
  - Environmental Interest Groups
  - Congressman LaMalfa's Office
- Encourage Congressman LaMalfa to speak with Congressman McClintock and Congressman Calvert (Riverside) who both support the HCP/NCCPs in their district. Also California Farm Bureau president Jamie Johansson, who formerly served on the Oroville City Council, BCAG Board, and BRCP Elected Officials Committee.
- Coordination is continuing on developing a final Regional General Permit and In-Lieu-Fee Program with the Army Corp of Engineers for streamlining Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

### INFRA Grant Key Talking Points:

- Caltrans & BCAG have submitted a **\$20 million** INFRA Grant for funding ANY portion of the SR 70 Corridor. The only segment not fully funded is the portion of SR 70 from the Butte/Yuba County Line to Laurellen Road south of Marysville. **\$140 Million in SHOPP funding already programmed to this segment.....\$20 million needed to finish the SR 70 Corridor.**





## PARADISE IRRIGATION DISTRICT

6332 Clark Road, Paradise CA 95969 | Phone (530)877-4971 | Fax (530)876-0483

### Revenue Backfill Request

#### *Background*

Paradise Irrigation District (PID) is a local public agency formed in 1916 and operating under Division 11 of the California Water Code. It is governed by a five-member elected Board of Directors and has powers and purposes attendant to a government agency. PID serves only drinking water to the homes and businesses within the Town of Paradise, despite its “irrigation” name.

Before the November 8, 2018 Camp Fire, PID provided drinking water to approximately 10,500 customer connections. Today, approximately 1,500 connections remain; however, only about 700 of those connections are active given various reasons, including damage to PID’s infrastructure and use limitations given water quality concerns.

#### *Revenue Backfill Request – \$21,693,203.00*

The unprecedented Camp Fire has left PID in financial crisis without enough revenue to meet ongoing operational expenses. The cost to replace and repair PID’s infrastructure will be addressed through FEMA/CalOES and PID’s insurance provider. The State’s recent approval of a three-year property tax backfill for Butte County (AB 72, February 13, 2019) does not address PID’s financial crisis because its revenue is predominantly (+90%) derived from customer fees, not property taxes. The attached revenue worksheet shows PID’s budgeted revenue for operations and resulting shortfall totaling \$21,693,203.00. Like AB 72, PID’s backfill request would be appropriated this fiscal year and then prorated out over a total of three fiscal years.

#### *PID’s Operational Costs Are Mostly Fixed*

PID’s cost of service is mostly (over 95%) fixed, meaning its cost to store, treat and deliver water to 1 customer connection is roughly the same as it is for 10,500 connections. PID’s operational expenses do not decrease because it is serving water to fewer connections. The attached cost worksheet shows PID’s budgeted costs pre-Fire and post-Fire in greater detail.

#### *Parallel Processes – PID in the Future*

PID recognizes that its financial challenges will likely extend beyond the requested three-year backfill. For that reason, it is actively analyzing ways to address its financial situation so that it can be positioned to reliably serve drinking water to the residents and businesses of Paradise in the future. Current concepts being discussed include PID wholesaling treated water through more expansive regional intertie projects or deliveries to water users to help achieve groundwater sustainability under the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act. PID will also be at the forefront of efforts to harden its water system to make it more resilient to the threat of climate change and the reality of larger and more dangerous wildfires.

The requested three year backfill is essential to keep PID solvent and to afford it time and resources to address this unprecedented catastrophe.

**Paradise Irrigation District CAMP Fire Revenue Needs**  
**February 2019**

The information below shows PID's 2018/19 budgeted water rate revenue, 2019/20 budgeted water rate revenue, which included an approved (Proposition 218) rate increase and 2020/21 budgeted water rate revenue.

<b>Pre-Fire</b>					
Description	Customers	2018/19 Budget	2019/20 Budget	2020/21 Budget	Total Revenue
Service Charge	10,500	5,148,252	5,646,258	5,646,258	16,440,768
Quantity Charge	10,500	2,833,600	2,833,600	2,833,600	8,500,800
Penalty Charges	10,500	65,000	65,000	65,000	195,000
<b>Total Annual Water Rate Revenue</b>		<b>8,046,852</b>	<b>8,544,858</b>	<b>8,544,858</b>	<b>25,136,568</b>

Below is the post-CAMP fire revenue projections based on 1,500 customers.

<b>Post-Fire</b>					
Description	Customers	2018/19 Budget	2019/20 Budget	2020/21 Budget	Total Revenue
Service Charge	1,500	705,240	773,460	773,460	2,252,160
Quantity Charge	1,500	388,164	388,164	388,164	1,164,493
Penalty Charges	1,500	8,904	8,904	8,904	26,712
<b>Total Annual Water Rate Revenue</b>		<b>1,102,308</b>	<b>1,170,528</b>	<b>1,170,528</b>	<b>3,443,365</b>

Below is the annual loss of revenue due to the Camp Fire

<b>Annual Loss due to CAMP fire</b>					
Description	Customers	2018/19 Budget	2019/20 Budget	2020/21 Budget	Total Revenue
Service Charge	1,500	4,443,012	4,872,798	4,872,798	14,188,608
Quantity Charge	1,500	2,445,436	2,445,436	2,445,436	7,336,307
Penalty Charges	1,500	56,096	56,096	56,096	168,288
<b>Total Annual Water Rate Revenue Loss</b>		<b>6,944,544</b>	<b>7,374,330</b>	<b>7,374,330</b>	<b>21,693,203</b>



**Paradise Irrigation District Post-CAMP Fire Operating Expenses**  
**February 2019**

PID's annual operating expenses are over 95% fixed. PID has two surface water reservoirs and a treatment plant that requires 24-hour staffing. PID also has 171 miles of distribution pipes that are 90% feed by gravity.

Below is an expense comparison from pre-fire to post fire.

<b>Pre-Fire Budgeted Expense</b>			<b>Post Fire Estimate</b>
	<b>FY 2018/19 Budget</b>	<b>FY 2019/20 Budget</b>	
Salary and Benefits	4,462,340	4,631,009	3,730,870
Materials and Supplies	852,500	916,450	500,000
Outside Services	521,520	443,420	1,750,000
Utilities	286,285	284,385	284,385
Insurance	105,339	105,339	105,339
Board	61,049	40,375	40,375
<b>Total Operating Expense</b>	<b>6,289,032</b>	<b>6,420,977</b>	<b>6,410,969</b>
<b>Debt Service</b>	<b>963,307</b>	<b>963,677</b>	<b>963,667</b>
	<b><u>7,252,339</u></b>	<b><u>7,384,654</u></b>	<b><u>7,374,636</u></b>

Pre-Fire and Post Fire expense differences:

1. Salaries and Benefits have decreased due to the post-fire reduction in personnel from early retirement of long-term employees and other employees leaving the area for personal reasons. Despite the need, PID has not backfilled these positions because it is actively trying to keep its long-term expenses to a minimum.
2. Materials and Supplies expenses will decrease due to operational maintenance costs shifting to disaster recovery expenses that will be reimbursed through FEMA/OES.
3. Outside Services will increase due to the lack of regular full-time employees. For example, PID must hire outside consultants to assist it with engineering, GIS, project management, contract management and many other services that it cannot currently perform in-house with limited staffing.

PID currently has approximately \$3,000,000 in reserves that it is using to maintain operations. Based on these estimates, and unless the requested backfill is approved, PID will be insolvent in less than 6 months.

